The Mao Era in Objects

Agricultural Tools: Wheel-barrow With Ball-bearings

独輪手推車(木輪)

制造单位: 湖南省。

結构: 車架为樟木,車架上装有0.465×0.34平方公尺面积的貨架,縱梁 断面为40×75公厘,車架連同車轅共长1930公厘。在木軸两端鑲装鉄制軸头,軸承为滾珠軸承。車輪系木制,輪緣装反瓦,并鑲嵌硬胶带。另外在車輪的前端装有一小木輪,可供跨小沟之用。

主要規格:	自重
	总长
	总高
	把距

25公斤	
1930公厘	
625公厘	
640公厘	

載重200公斤 总寬810公厘 大車輸直径480公厘 小車輪直径200公厘 两車輪軸間距510公厘

技术性能: 如下表:

自重	載重	土路上重車行駛阻力 (公斤)	阻力系数	阳力 云粉 坡道上行				亍駛阻力 (公斤)		
(公斤)	公斤)(公斤) (公斤)	FIL JUJINER	2%	4%	6%	8%	10%	12%		
25	200	7	0.028	11.5	16	20.5	25	29.5	34	

特点及适用范围:

1. 构造簡单,制造容易,造价低廉(原車仅20余元),車体輕;

2. 車輛重心低, 既便于装卸, 又容易掌握;

3. 原車系木軸木耳,改装滾珠軸承后,阻力降低80%。这样不仅能增加載重量, 而且还减輕了劳动强度。一般运輸效能比人挑能提高5倍;

4. 輪緣加装了硬胶皮, 不損坏路面, 可在公路上行駛;

5. 由于前端附装有小木輪,可超越小坎坡和通过小沟,适于农業生产中运输使用, 特別是在南方当前还沒有加寬路面的稻田間使用最为方便。这种車輛在湖南、湖北的农 村中使用的很多,現在仅湖南一省已發展約二百万輛。



交一14

TITLE Wheel-barrow with ball-bearings (dulun shoutuiche 独轮手推车)

DATE

1958

CREATOR

Unknown

PUBLISHER

Kexue puji chubanshe

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DESCRIPTION

This wheel-barrow originating from Hunan Province—weighing 25 kilos—is made from camphor wood and has a length of 193 cm. It has a loading capacity of 200 kilos and can be constructed easily at a low price. Its center of gravity is considerably low, thus easy to lift. In its original version, the axis is wooden, yet if ball-bearings are added a significant growth of transport capacity can be achieved because the bearings reduced pushing resistance by 80%. In addition, if a rubber-coating is added to the wheel the wheel barrow can be used on public roads without damaging them.

Source: Tool No. 14 in: Quanguo nongju zhanlanhui 全国农具展览会 (ed.), *Quanguo nongju zhanlanhui – tujian zhanpin – nongcun jiaotong yunshu jixie* (全国农具展览会 - 推荐展品 - 农 村交通运输机械) (Beijing: Kexue puji chubanshe, 1958).